

Printing date 30.01.2023 Version number 3.2 (replaces version 3.1) Revision: 30.01.2023

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: SOLO GOYA Gesso Primer Spray White 400 ml
- · Article number: 85274
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the mixture

Priming

For artists and hobby user.

- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Manufacturer/Supplier:

C. KREUL GmbH & Co. KG

Carl-Kreul-Straße 2

D-91352 HALLERNDORF

GERMANY

Phone: +49 (0) 9545/925 - 0

Fax: + 49 (0) 9545/925 - 511

info@c-kreul.de

· Further information obtainable from:

Product Safety Department:

Treiber, b.treiber@c-kreul.de

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number: + 44 (0) 171 635 91 91

2 Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



Aerosol 1 H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms



GHS02

- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard statements

H222-H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Additional information:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3: 1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.

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· vPvB: Not applicable.

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3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions

Dangerous components:		
CAS: 115-10-6 EINECS: 204-065-8 Index number: 603-019-00-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119472128-37-XXXX	dimethyl ether Flam. Gas 1Ā, H220; Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	30-<50%
CAS: 64-17-5 EINECS: 200-578-6 Index number: 603-002-00-5 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457610-43-XXXX	ethanol Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Specific concentration limit: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 50 %	20-<30%
CAS: 13463-67-7 EINECS: 236-675-5 Index number: 022-006-00-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119489379-17-XXXX	titanium dioxide © Carc. 2, H351	1-<10%
CAS: 121-44-8 EINECS: 204-469-4 Index number: 612-004-00-5	triethylamine Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302 Specific concentration limit: STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 1 %	0.05-<0.3%
CAS: 2634-33-5 EINECS: 220-120-9 Index number: 613-088-00-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2120761540-60-XXXX	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Acute Tox. 1, H330; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Specific concentration limit: Skin Sens. 1; H317: C ≥ 0.05 %	0.005-<0.05%
CAS: 55965-84-9 Index number: 613-167-00-5	5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100); Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1C; H314: C ≥ 0.6 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 0.06 % ≤ C < 0.6 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 0.6 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 0.06 % ≤ C < 0.6 % Skin Sens. 1A: H317: C ≥ 0.0015 %	0.00025-<0.001

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

4 First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact:

Wash with water and acidic soap.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

After eye contact:

Remove contact lenses.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.

· After swallowing:

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

5 Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.
- Additional information Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

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6 Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Ensure adequate ventilation

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

- · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
- Information about fire and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C, i.e. electric lights. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not spray onto a naked flame or any incandescent material.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Observe official regulations on storing packagings with pressurised containers.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the receptacle bursting.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

- Storage class: 2B
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) See chapter 1.2.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

· 8.1 Contro	ol parameters	
· Ingredien	ts with limit values that require mor	nitoring at the workplace:
115-10-6 c	limethyl ether	
WEL Short-term value: 958 mg/m³, 500 ppm		
	g-term value: 766 mg/m³, 400 ppm	
64-17-5 et	hanol	
WEL Long	g-term value: 1920 mg/m³, 1000 ppm	
	riethylamine	
WEL Sho	rt-term value: 17 mg/m³, 4 ppm	
	g-term value: 8 mg/m³, 2 ppm	
Sk		
DNELs		
64-17-5 et	hanol	
Oral	long-term exposure-systemic effects	87 mg/kg (general population)
Dermal	long-term exposure-systemic effects	206 mg/kg bw/d (general population)
		343 mg/kg bw/d (worker)
Inhalative	long-term exposure-systemic effects	114 mg/m³ (general population)
		950 mg/m³ (worker)
121-44-8 t	riethylamine	
Dermal	chronic - systemic effect	12.1 mg/kg bw/d (Long term)
Inhalative	acute - systemic effect	12.6 mg/m³ (Short Term)
	acute - local effect	12.6 mg/m³ (Short Term)
	chronic - local effect	8.4 mg/m³ (Long term)
	chronic - systemic effect	8.4 mg/m³ (Long term)
PNECs		
64-17-5 et	hanol	
water	2.75 mg/l	
freshwater 0.96 mg/l		

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marine water	0.79 mg/l
sewage treatment plant (STP)	580 mg/l
freshwater sediment	3.6 mg/kg
soil	0.63 mg/kg
121-44-8 triethylamine	
freshwater	0.11 mg/l
marine water	0.011 mg/l
sewage treatment plant (STP)	100 mg/l
freshwater sediment	1.575 mg/kg
marine sediment	0.158 mg/kg
soil	0.25 mg/kg

- Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use selfcontained respiratory protective device.

Filter A2/P3

Hand protection

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

PVC or PE gloves

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ - mm

Value for the permeation: Level $\leq 8 \text{ h}$

As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Butyl rubber, BR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.4 mm

Value for the permeation: Level \leq 2-4h

Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

Not required.

9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

· Physical state

Colour: According to product specification

· Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: Not determined. Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range Not applicable, as aerosol. Not applicable.

Flammability

Lower and upper explosion limit · Lower: Not determined.

· Upper: Not determined. Flash point: Not applicable, as aerosol.

Ignition temperature: 240 °C

Decomposition temperature: Not determined. pH at 20 °C 9.5-10.5 Viscosity:

 Kinematic viscosity Not determined.

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(Contd. of page 4) Dynamic: Not determined. Solubility · water: Fully miscible. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined. · Vapour pressure at 50 °C: >3.000 hPa Density and/or relative density Density at 20 °C: 0.853 g/cm³ Relative density Not determined. Vapour density Not determined. 9.2 Other information Appearance: Form: Aerosol · Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety. Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting. Explosive properties: Not determined. Solvent content: · VOC (EC) 59.72 % · Change in condition · Evaporation rate Not applicable. Information with regard to physical hazard classes **Explosives** Void · Flammable gases Void Aerosols Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Void Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Void Flammable liquids Void · Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void Pyrophoric liquids Void · Pyrophoric solids Void Self-heating substances and mixtures Void Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water Void Oxidising liquids Void Oxidising solids Void Organic peroxides Void

10 Stability and reactivity

Desensitised explosives

Corrosive to metals

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Void

Void

- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

11 Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

		elevant for classification:	
115-10-6 c			
Inhalative	LC50/4h	308 mg/m³ (rat)	
64-17-5 et	hanol	·	
Oral	LD50	10,470 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 403)	
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)	
		12,800 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	124.7 mg/m³ (rat) (OECD 403)	
13463-67-	7 titaniun	m dioxide	
Oral	LD50	>20,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	>10,000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	>6.82 mg/m³ (rat)	
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121-44-8 t	riethylam	ine	
Oral	LD50	730 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)	
Dermal	LD50	580 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 402)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	3 mg/m³ (ATE)	
2634-33-5	1,2-benz	isothiazol-3(2H)-one	
Oral	LD50	490 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	0.05 mg/m³ (ATE)	
55965-84-	9 5-chlore	o-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	
Oral	LD50	64 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	87 mg/kg (rab)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	0.05 mg/m³ (ATE)	

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

12 Ecological information

12.	 UX	City	

· 12.1 Toxic	ity		
· Aquatic to	xicity:		
115-10-6 d	imethyl ether		
LC50/48h	>4,000 mg/l (daphnia magna)		
EC50/96h	155 mg/l (algae)		
64-17-5 eth	nanol		
LC50/96h	14,200 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (US EPA method E03-0)		
	13,000 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)		
LC50/48h	5,012 mg/l (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ASTM E729-80)		
	12,340 mg/l (daphnia magna)		
EC50/48h	12,900 mg/l (algae)		
	>10,000 mg/l (ceriodaphnia dubia) (DIN 38412 Teil 11)		
	9,950 mg/l (crustaceans)		
EC50/96h	12,900 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (US EPA method E03-0)		
NOEC	2 mg/l /10d (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ECHA)		
	250 mg/l /120h (danio rerio) (OECD 212)		
ErC50	275 mg/l /72h (algae) (OECD 201)		
ErCx 10%	11.5 mg/l /3d (algae) (OECD 201)		
LC50	1,806 mg/l /10d (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ECHA)		
	454 mg/l /9d (daphnia magna) (ECHA)		
13463-67-7	7 titanium dioxide		
EC50	>100 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201)		
	>10,000 mg/l (sceletonema costatum) (ISO 10253)		
NOEC	>100,000 mg/l (hyalella azteca) (ASTM 1706)		
LC50	>10,000 mg/l (acartia tonsa) (ISO 14669 (1999) ISO 5667-16 (1998))		
	>1,000 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)		
	>1,000 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (EPA-540/9-85-006)		
121-44-8 tr	riethylamine		
LC50/96h	24 mg/l (oryzias latipes) (OECD 203)		
EC50/48h	200 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)		
EC50/72h	8 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201)		
2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		
LC50/96h	1.6 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)		
	2.94 mg/l (daphnia magna)		
EC50/72h	0.11 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum)		
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(Contd. of page 6) EC10/72h | 0.04 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum) ErC50/72h 0.11 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOEC/21d 1.2 mg/l (daphnia) NOEC/72h | 0.027 mg/l (sceletonema costatum) NOEC/28d 0.21 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) 55965-84-9 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) LC50/96h | 0.22 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (RAC) 0.1 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/48h 0.048 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50/72h NOEC 0.004 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 211) ErC50 0.0049 mg/l /120h (sceletonema costatum) NOEC/21d 0.004 mg/l (daphnia) NOEC/48d 0.00064 mg/l (sceletonema costatum) NOEC/72h | 0.0012 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201) NOEC/28d | 0.098 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD 210) · 12.2 Persistence and degradability

121-44-8 triethylamine

Biodegradability 80.3 % /29d (OECD 301 B)

- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- General notes:

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

13 Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
- Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

4 Transport information	
· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1950
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR · IMDG · IATA	1950 AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS, non-flammable
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· Class	2 5A Gases. 2.1
· IMDG, IATA	
· Class · Label	2.1 Gases. 2.1
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	not regulated

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14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Gases.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	-
EMS Number:	F-D,S-U
Stowage Code	SW1 Protected from sources of heat.
	SW2 Clear of living quarters.
Segregation Code	SG69 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre:
	Segregation as for class 9. Stow "separated from" class 1 except for
	division 1.4.
	For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre:
	Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2.
	For WASTE AEROSOLS:
	Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM	NO
instruments	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0
	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
Transport category	3
Tunnel restriction code	E
·IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0
	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity

15 Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- Seveso category P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 150 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 500 t
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Department issuing SDS: Product Safety Department
- · Contact: B. Treiber, b.treiber@c-kreul.de
- Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

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VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
VPVB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
Flam. Gas 1A: Flammable gases – Category 1A
Aerosol 1: Aerosols – Category 1
Press. Gas (Comp.): Gases under pressure – Compressed gas
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 3
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/firitation – Category 1
Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/firitation – Category 1
Skin Corr. 1C: Skin corrosion/firitation – Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
Acute Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 2
* Data compared to the previous version altered.

`B -