

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 09.03.2023 Version number 1.2 (replaces version 1.1) Revision: 09.03.2023

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name:

KREUL Permanent Marker medium Blue

KREUL Permanent Marker edge Blue

KREUL Permanent Marker fine Blue

(Safety data sheet for the included ink.)

- · Article number: 47613, 47813, 47713
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

Application of the substance / the mixture

Paint

For artists and hobby user.

- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Manufacturer/Supplier:

C. KREUL GmbH & Co. KG Carl-Kreul-Straße 2 D-91352 HALLERNDORF

GERMANY

Phone: + 49 (0) 9545/925 - 0 Fax: + 49 (0) 9545/925 - 511

info@c-kreul.de

· Further information obtainable from:

Product Safety Department: Treiber, b.treiber@c-kreul.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number: + 44 (0) 171 635 91 91

2 Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



corrosion

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2 Label elements

EC Regulation 1907/2006 (UK REACH) differentiates between substances, mixtures and articles. In accordance with the definition of articles in UK REACH, the European Writing Instrument Manufacturer's Association (EWIMA) considers writing instruments, marker pens etc. to be articles. However, no safety data sheets are provided for articles. In contrast, safety data sheets are mandatory for substances and mixtures. For this reason, the information in the safety data sheet provided always refers to the basic ink and not to the product as a whole.

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

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· Hazard pictograms







GHS02 GHS05

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester

C.I. Solvent Blue 4: less than 0,1% Michler's Ketone

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting] equipment.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P261

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection. P280

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P310

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: Not applicable. vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

ethanol	50-<100%
1-methoxy-2-propanol Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336	10-<20%
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester Skin Corr. 1C, H314	2.5-<10%
C.I. Solven Blue 51 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	2.5-<10%
C.I. Solvent Blue 4: less than 0,1% Michler's Ketone Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1B, H317	<2.5%
	 Flam. Liq. 2, H225;

SVHC

6786-83-0 C.I. Solvent Blue 4: less than 0,1% Michler's Ketone

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

4 First aid measures

- 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- After inhalation:

Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

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· After eye contact:

Remove contact lenses.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

After swallowing:

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

5 Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.
- Additional information Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

6 Accidental release measures

 \cdot 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Keep contaminated washing water and dispose of appropriately.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Do not store together with reducing agents, heavy-metal compounds, acids and alkalis.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

Protect from frost.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) See chapter 1.2.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

64-17-5 ethanol

WEL Long-term value: 1920 mg/m³, 1000 ppm

107-98-2 1-methoxy-2-propanol

WEL Short-term value: 560 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 375 mg/m³, 100 ppm

Sk

DNELs

64-17-5 ethanol

Oral long-term exposure-systemic effects 87 mg/kg (general population)

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Dermal I	ong-term exposure-	systemic effects	206 mg/kg bw/d (general population)		
			343 mg/kg bw/d (worker)		
Inhalative	ong-term exposure-	systemic effects	114 mg/m³ (general population)		
			950 mg/m³ (worker)		
	-methoxy-2-propar				
Oral	ong-term exposure-	systemic effects	33 mg/kg (general population)		
Dermal	ong-term exposure-	systemic effects	183 mg/kg bw/d (general population)		
			78 mg/kg bw/d (worker)		
Inhalative I	long-term exposure-	systemic effects	43.9 mg/m³ (general population)		
			369 mg/m³ (worker)		
PNECs					
64-17-5 eth	nanol				
water		2.75 mg/l			
freshwater		0.96 mg/l			
marine wate	er	0.79 mg/l	0.79 mg/l		
sewage treatment plant (STP)		580 mg/l			
freshwater sediment		3.6 mg/kg			
soil		0.63 mg/kg			
107-98-2 1-	-methoxy-2-propar	iol			
water		100 mg/l			
freshwater		10 mg/l			
marine water		1 mg/l			
sewage treatment plant (STP) 100 i		100 mg/l			
freshwater sediment 52.3 mg		52.3 mg/kg			
marine sediment 5.2 mg/		5.2 mg/kg			
soil		4.59 mg/kg			

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Hand protection



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Butyl rubber, BR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.4 mm

Value for the permeation: Level ≤ 4 h

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

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9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

· Physical state Fluid

· Colour: According to product specification

Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: Not determined. Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined. 78 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability Highly flammable.

Lower and upper explosion limit

· Lower: 1.7 Vol % · Upper: 15 Vol % Flash point: 13 °C Ignition temperature: 287 °C Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

pH at 20 °C

Viscosity:

· Kinematic viscosity Not determined. · Dynamic: Not determined.

Solubility

· water: Fully miscible. · Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined. Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 59 hPa

· Density and/or relative density Density at 20 °C: 0.8 g/cm³ Relative density Not determined. · Vapour density Not determined.

9.2 Other information

Appearance:

Fluid

· Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/ Explosive properties:

Void

vapour mixtures are possible.

Change in condition

· Evaporation rate Not determined.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes · Explosives Void · Flammable gases Void · Aerosols Void Oxidising gases Void Gases under pressure Void

Flammable liquids Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void Pyrophoric solids Void Self-heating substances and mixtures Void Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water Void **Oxidising liquids** Void **Oxidising solids** Void Organic peroxides Void Corrosive to metals Void Desensitised explosives

10 Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

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11 Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50	· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:				
64-17-5 et	hanol				
Oral	LD50	10,470 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 403)			
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)			
		12,800 mg/kg (rabbit)			
Inhalative	LC50/4h	124.7 mg/m³ (rat) (OECD 403)			
107-98-2 ⁻	1-methox	y-2-propanol			
Oral	LD50	4,016 mg/kg (rat) (EU B.1, ECHA)			
Dermal	LD50	13,000 mg/kg (rab)			
		>2,000 mg/kg (rat) (EU B.3, ECHA)			
Inhalative	LC50/4h	30.04 mg/m³ (rat) (ECHA)			

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

12 Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

A 4! 1			
· Aquatic to	•		
64-17-5 etl	nanol		
LC50/96h	14,200 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (US EPA method E03-0)		
	13,000 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)		
LC50/48h	5,012 mg/l (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ASTM E729-80)		
	12,340 mg/l (daphnia magna)		
EC50/48h	12,900 mg/l (algae)		
	>10,000 mg/l (ceriodaphnia dubia) (DIN 38412 Teil 11)		
	9,950 mg/l (crustaceans)		
EC50/96h	12,900 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (US EPA method E03-0)		
NOEC	2 mg/l /10d (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ECHA)		
	250 mg/l /120h (danio rerio) (OECD 212)		
ErC50	275 mg/l /72h (algae) (OECD 201)		
ErCx 10%	11.5 mg/l /3d (algae) (OECD 201)		
LC50	1,806 mg/l /10d (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ECHA)		
	454 mg/l /9d (daphnia magna) (ECHA)		
107-98-2 1	-methoxy-2-propanol		
LC50/96h	1,000 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD 203)		
LC50/48h	21,100–25,900 mg/l (daphnia magna) (ESR-ES-15)		
ErC50	>1,000 mg/l /7d (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (ECHA)		

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- General notes:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

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Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

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13 Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Transport information	
•	
14.1 UN number or ID number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	
ADR	1263 PAINT
IMDG, IATA	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR, IMDG, IATA	
3	
Class	3 Flammable liquids.
Label	3
14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	II.
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	33
EMS Number:	F-E,S-E
Stowage Category	В
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM	10
instruments	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
Transport category	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml 2
Tunnel restriction code	D/F
IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
	Code: E2
Excepted qualitites (EQ)	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml

15 Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · National regulations:
- Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH
 6786-83-0 | C.I. Solvent Blue 4: less than 0,1% Michler's Ketone
 - · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

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16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- · Department issuing SDS: Product Safety Department
- Contact: B. Treiber, b.treiber@c-kreul.de

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GNS. Globally harmfulless dysterm of classification and cabelling of Criefinica EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bloaccumulative
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3
Skin Corr. 10: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 18: Skin sensitisation – Category 1

Skin Sens. 1B: Skin sensitisation – Category 1B
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3

* Data compared to the previous version altered.