

Printing date 20.04.2023 Version number 1.1 (replaces version 1.0) Revision: 20.04.2023

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name:

KREUL Textile Marker Opak medium KREUL Textile Marker Opak fine

(Safety data sheet for the included ink.)

· Article number:

92750, 92751, 92760, 92761, 92762, 92763, 92764, 92765, 92766, 92767, 92768, 92769, 92770, 92771, 92772, 92781, 92782, 927061, 927073

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the mixture

Paint

For artists and hobby user.

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

C. KREUL GmbH & Co. KG Carl-Kreul-Straße 2 D-91352 HALLERNDORF

GERMANY

Phone: + 49 (0) 9545/925 - 0 Fax: + 49 (0) 9545/925 - 511

info@c-kreul.de

· Further information obtainable from:

Product Safety Department: Treiber, b.treiber@c-kreul.de

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Phone: + 49 (0) 9545/925 - 0 Fax: + 49 (0) 9545/925 - 511

(Monday - Thursday 8.00 - 17.00, Friday 8.00 - 15.00)

2 Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is not classified, according to the GB CLP regulation.

· 2.2 Label elements

EC Regulation 1907/2006 (UK REACH) differentiates between substances, mixtures and articles. In accordance with the definition of articles in UK REACH, the European Writing Instrument Manufacturer's Association (EWIMA) considers writing instruments, marker pens etc. to be articles. However, no safety data sheets are provided for articles. In contrast, safety data sheets are mandatory for substances and mixtures. For this reason, the information in the safety data sheet provided always refers to the basic ink and not to the product as a whole.

- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Void
- · Hazard pictograms Void
- Signal word Void
- · Hazard statements Void
- · Additional information:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3: 1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

titanium dioxide	0-<10%
♦ Carc. 2. H351	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	& Carc. 2, H351

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CAS: 1332-58-7	Kaolin substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	2.5-<5%
CAS: 111-46-6 EINECS: 203-872-2 Index number: 603-140-00-6	2,2'-oxybisethanol Acute Tox. 4, H302	0-<2.5%
CAS: 57-55-6 EINECS: 200-338-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119456809-23-XXXX	Propylene glycol substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	0-<2.5%
CAS: 2634-33-5 EINECS: 220-120-9 Index number: 613-088-00-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2120761540-60-XXXX	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Acute Tox. 1, H330; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Specific concentration limit: Skin Sens. 1; H317: C ≥ 0.05 %	0.005-<0.05%
CAS: 55965-84-9 Index number: 613-167-00-5	5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100); Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1C; H314: C ≥ 0.6 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 0.06 % ≤ C < 0.6 %	0.00025-<0.0015
	Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 0.6 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 0.06 % ≤ C < 0.6 % Skin Sens. 1A; H317: C ≥ 0.0015 %	

4 First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact:

Wash with water and acidic soap.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.

Remove contact lenses.

· After swallowing:

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

- · 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

5 Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: No special measures required.
- Additional information Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

6 Accidental release measures

- · 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Not required.
- · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Dilute with plenty of water.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose of the material collected according to regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling No special precautions are necessary if used correctly.

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· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

No special measures required.

The product is not flammable.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: No special requirements.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions:

Protect from frost.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

- · Storage class: 12
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) See chapter 1.2.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
1332-58-7 Kaolin
WEL Long-term value: 2 mg/m³
111-46-6 2,2'-oxybisethanol
WEL Long-term value: 101 mg/m³, 23 ppm
57-55-6 Propylene glycol
WEL Long-term value: 474* 10** mg/m³, 150* ppm
*total vapour and particulates **particulates
· DNELs

57-55-6 Propylene glycol		
Inhalative	chronic - local effect	10 mg/m³ /long-term (general population)
		10 mg/m³ /long-term (worker)
	chronic - systemic effect	50 mg/m³ /long term (general population)
		168 mg/m³ /long-term (worker)

· PNECs

57-55-6 Propylene glycol

water	183 mg/l
freshwater	183 mg/l 260 mg/l 26 mg/l
marine water	26 mg/l
sewage treatment plant (STP)	20,000 mg/l
freshwater sediment	572 mg/kg
marine sediment	57.2 mg/kg
soil	50 mg/kg

- Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see section 7.
- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

- · Respiratory protection: Not required.
- Hand protection

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye/face protection Goggles recommended during refilling

9 Physical and chemical properties

- 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- **General Information**
- Physical state Fluid

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doording to 1007/2000/20, Attolo 01

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Colour:	According to product specification
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined.
Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	100 °C (7732-18-5 water, distilled, conductivity or of similar
	purity)
Flammability	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.
Flash point:	>100 °C
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
pH at 20 °C	6–9
Viscosity:	
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.
Dynamic:	Not determined.
Solubility	Not dotominod.
water:	Fully miscible.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not determined.
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	23 hPa (7732-18-5 water, distilled, conductivity or of simil
Vapour pressure at 20 °C.	purity)
Density and/or relative density	punty)
Density at 20 °C:	1.10-1.35 g/cm³
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
vapour density	Not determined.
9.2 Other information	
Appearance:	
Form:	Fluid
Important information on protection of health and	d
environment, and on safety.	
Ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
Change in condition	·
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
Explosives	Void
•	Void
Flammable gases Aerosols	Void
	Void
Oxidising gases	
Gases under pressure	Void
Flammable liquids	Void
Flammable solids	Void
Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void
Pyrophoric liquids	Void
Pyrophoric solids	Void
Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void
Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gase	
in contact with water	Void
Oxidising liquids	Void
Oxidising solids	Void
Organic peroxides	Void
Corrosive to metals	Void

10 Stability and reactivity

Desensitised explosives

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.

Void

- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

11 Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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alues rel	evant for classification:	
7 titaniun	n dioxide	
LD50	>20,000 mg/kg (rat)	
LD50	>10,000 mg/kg (rabbit)	
LC50/4h	>6.82 mg/m³ (rat)	
,2'-oxybi	sethanol	
LD50	12,565 mg/kg (rat)	
LD50	11,890 mg/kg (rabbit)	
opylene	glycol	
LD50	22,000 mg/kg (rat) (ECHA)	
LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rabbit) (ECHA)	
1,2-benz	isothiazol-3(2H)-one	
LD50	490 mg/kg (rat)	
LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)	
LC50/4h	0.05 mg/m³ (ATE)	
9 5-chlore	o-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	
LD50	64 mg/kg (rat)	
LD50	87 mg/kg (rab)	
LC50/4h	0.05 mg/m³ (ATE)	
	7 titanium LD50 LD50 LC50/4h .2'-oxybi LD50 LD50 opylene LD50 LD50 LD50 LD50 LD50 LD50 LD50 LD50	Titanium dioxide LD50 >20,000 mg/kg (rat) >10,000 mg/kg (rabbit) >6.82 mg/m³ (rat) 12,565 mg/kg (rabbit) 11,890 mg/kg (rabbit) 11,890 mg/kg (rabbit) 10,500 22,000 mg/kg (rat) 1,2500 22,000 mg/kg (rat) (ECHA) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one LD50 490 mg/kg (rat) (ECHA) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one LD50 20,000 mg/kg (rat) (ECHA) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one LD50 20,000 mg/kg (rat) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one LD50 20,000 mg/kg (rat)

- Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · 11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrin	· Endocrine disrupting properties		
541-02-6	2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10-decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	List II; <0,0009%	
556-67-2	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	List II; III; <0,0009%	
540-97-6	Dodacamethylcyclohexasiloxan	List II; <0,0006%	

12 Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

- Aquatic to:	titanium dioxide	
EC50	>100 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201)	
LC30	>10,000 mg/l (sceletonema costatum) (ISO 10253)	
NOEC	>100,000 mg/l (hyalella azteca) (ASTM 1706)	
LC50	>10,000 mg/l (acartia tonsa) (ISO 14669 (1999) ISO 5667-16 (1998))	
2000	>1,000 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)	
	>1,000 mg/l (pimephales promelas) (EPA-540/9-85-006)	
57 55 6 Dr	ppylene glycol	
	40,613 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (ECHA)	
	18,340 mg/l (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ECHA)	
	19,300 mg/l (sceletonema costatum) (ECHA)	
	>20,000 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (ECHA)	
	13,020 mg/l (ceriodaphnia dubia) (ECHA)	
	<5,300 mg/l (sceletonema costatum) (ECHA)	
	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	
	1.6 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)	
	2.94 mg/l (daphnia magna)	
	0.11 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum)	
	0.04 mg/l (selenastrum capricornutum)	
	0.11 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	
	1.2 mg/l (daphnia)	
	0.027 mg/l (sceletonema costatum)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	0.21 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss)	
	5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) 0.22 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (RAC)	
	0.22 mg/ (uncomynolius mykiss) (RAC)	(Contd. on page

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Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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EC50/48h | 0.1 mg/l (daphnia magna)

EC50/48h | 0.1 mg/l (daphnia magna) | 0.048 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) | 0.004 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 211) | 0.0049 mg/l /120h (sceletonema costatum)

NOEC/21d 0.004 mg/l (daphnia)

NOEC/48d | 0.00064 mg/l (sceletonema costatum)

NOEC/72h 0.0012 mg/l (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201)

NOEC/28d | 0.098 mg/l (oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD 210)

· 12.2 Persistence and degradability

57-55-6 Propylene glycol

Carbon dioxide production 81.7 % /28d (OECD 301 F)
DOC removal 98.3 % /28d (OECD 301 F)
Oxygen consumption 106.8 % /28d (OECD 301 F)

- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties For information on endocrine disrupting properties see section 11.
- 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

13 Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- Recommendation

Small amounts may be diluted with plenty of water and washed away. Dispose of bigger amounts in accordance with Local Authority requirements.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

14 Transport information

•	
· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	not regulated
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR, IMDG, IATA	not regulated
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA · Class	not regulated
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	not regulated
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according instruments	g to IMO Not applicable.
· UN "Model Regulation":	not regulated

15 Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

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Relevant phrases

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Department issuing SDS: Product Safety Department

· Contact: B. Treiber, b.treiber@c-kreul.de

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

INTIA: IIIEMTATIONAL AIR LITARSPORT ASSOCIATION
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity — Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity — Category 4 Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity — Category 2 Acute Tox. 1: Acute toxicity — Category 1 Skin Corr. 10: Skin corrosion/irritation — Category 1 C Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation — Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation — Category 1 Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation — Category 1 Skin Sens. 14: Skin sensitisation — Category 1

Skin Sens. 1. Skin Sensitisation – Category 1
Skin Sens. 1. A: Skin sensitisation – Category 1A
Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 2

* Data compared to the previous version altered.